

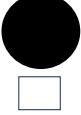
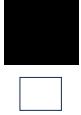
# MODELO

COMISIÓN ESTATAL DE ELECCIONES DE PUERTO RICO / STATE ELECTIONS COMMISSION OF PUERTO RICO

MARTES, 5 DE NOVIEMBRE DE 2024 / TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 2024

# SAMPLE

## PLEBISCITO SOBRE LAS ALTERNATIVAS DE ESTATUS DE LA PUERTO RICO STATUS ACT, HR 8393 / PLEBISCITE ON STATUS ALTERNATIVES OF THE PUERTO RICO STATUS ACT, HR 8393

SOBERANÍA EN LIBRE ASOCIACIÓN CON LOS ESTADOS UNIDOS SOVEREIGNTY IN FREE ASSOCIATION WITH THE UNITED STATES	ESTADIDAD STATEHOOD	INDEPENDENCIA INDEPENDENCE
<p></p> <p>1. Puerto Rico es una nación soberana con plena autoridad y responsabilidad sobre su territorio y población bajo una constitución de su propia aprobación que será la ley suprema de la nación.</p> <p>2. Puerto Rico está investido de plenos poderes y responsabilidades consistentes con los derechos y responsabilidades que recaen sobre una nación soberana bajo el derecho internacional, incluyendo su propia política fiscal y monetaria, inmigración, comercio y la conducta en su propio nombre y derecho de relaciones con otras naciones y organizaciones internacionales, salvo disposición en contrario en los Artículos de Libre Asociación, a ser negociados por Puerto Rico y los Estados Unidos.</p> <p>3. Puerto Rico tiene plena autoridad y responsabilidad sobre sus leyes de ciudadanía e inmigración, y las personas que tienen la ciudadanía de los Estados Unidos tienen el derecho a retener la nacionalidad y ciudadanía de Estados Unidos de por vida, por derecho o por elección como lo prevé la legislación Federal.</p> <p>4. El nacimiento en Puerto Rico dejará de ser la base para nacionalidad o ciudadanía de los Estados Unidos. Las personas nacidas en Puerto Rico de al menos un parente ciudadano estadounidense serán ciudadanos estadounidenses al nacer, de conformidad con las leyes de inmigración de los Estados Unidos, durante la vigencia del primer acuerdo de los Artículos de Libre Asociación.</p> <p>5. Puerto Rico se adhiere a Artículos de Libre Asociación con los Estados Unidos, con tales delegaciones y reservas de funciones gubernamentales como fueron acordadas por ambas Partes conforme a dichos Artículos, los cuales podrán ser dados por terminados por los Estados Unidos o por Puerto Rico en cualquier momento.</p> <p>6. Puerto Rico ya no será una posesión de los Estados Unidos para propósitos del Código de Rentas Internas de los Estados Unidos. En cambio, el Estado de Puerto Rico se convertirá en un estado en pie de igualdad con cada uno de los 50 estados actuales de los Estados Unidos de América. Las personas y empresas residentes en el Estado de Puerto Rico estarán sujetas a la ley tributaria federal de los EE.UU., así como a las leyes tributarias estatales aplicables.</p> <p><i>1. The State of Puerto Rico is admitted into the Union on an equal footing with the other States in all respects whatever and is a part of the permanent union of the United States of America, subject to the United States Constitution, with powers not prohibited by the Constitution to the States and reserved to the State of Puerto Rico or to its residents.</i></p> <p><i>2. The residents of Puerto Rico are fully self-governing with their rights secured under the United States Constitution, which shall be fully applicable in Puerto Rico and which, with the laws and treaties of the United States, is the supreme law and has the same force and effect in Puerto Rico as in the other States of the Union.</i></p> <p><i>3. United States citizenship of those born in Puerto Rico is recognized, protected, and secured under the United States Constitution in the same way such citizenship is for all United States citizens born in the other States.</i></p> <p><i>4. Puerto Rico will no longer be a possession of the United States for purposes of the Internal Revenue Code. Instead, the State of Puerto Rico will become a State on equal footing with each of the current 50 States in the United States of America. Individuals and businesses resident in the State of Puerto Rico will be subject to United States Federal tax laws as well as applicable State tax laws.</i></p> <p><i>5. Puerto Rico is a sovereign nation that has full authority and responsibility over its territory and population under a constitution of its own adoption which shall be the supreme law of the nation.</i></p> <p><i>6. Puerto Rico is vested with full powers and responsibilities consistent with the rights and responsibilities that devolve upon a sovereign nation under international law, including its own fiscal and monetary policy, immigration, trade, and the conduct in its own name and right of relations with other nations and international organizations, except as otherwise provided for in the Articles of Free Association to be negotiated by Puerto Rico and the United States.</i></p> <p><i>7. Puerto Rico has full authority and responsibility over its citizenship and immigration laws, and persons who have United States citizenship have a right to retain United States nationality and citizenship for life by entitlement or election as provided by Federal law.</i></p> <p><i>8. Birth in Puerto Rico shall cease to be a basis for United States nationality or citizenship. Individuals born in Puerto Rico to at least one parent who is a citizen of the United States shall be United States citizens at birth, consistent with the immigration laws of the United States, for the duration of the first agreement of the Articles of Free Association.</i></p> <p><i>9. Puerto Rico enters into Articles of Free Association with the United States, with such devolution and reservation of governmental functions and other bilateral arrangements as may be agreed to by both Parties under the Articles, which shall be terminable at will by either the United States or Puerto Rico at any time.</i></p> <p><i>10. Puerto Rico will no longer be a possession of the United States for purposes of the Internal Revenue Code. In general, United States citizens and United States businesses in the nation of Puerto Rico will be subject to United States Federal tax laws (as is the case with any other United States citizen or United States business abroad) and to Puerto Rican tax laws. Puerto Rico's status as an independent, sovereign nation will be the controlling factor in the taxation of Puerto Rican taxpayers. In addition, Puerto Rico will enter into an agreement with the United States to provide for "Sovereignty in Free Association" between the two nations. This agreement may modify the otherwise applicable tax rules, subject to negotiation and ratification by the two nations.</i></p> <p><i>11. The Constitution of the United States no longer applies in Puerto Rico, the laws of the United States no longer apply in Puerto Rico except as otherwise provided in the Articles of Free Association, and United States sovereignty in Puerto Rico is ended.</i></p> <p><i>12. All matters pertaining to the government-to-government relationship between Puerto Rico and the United States, which may include foreign affairs, trade, finance, taxation, currency, economic assistance, security and defense, dispute resolution and termination, shall be provided for in the Articles of Free Association.</i></p>	<p></p>	<p></p>